

Department of Horticulture | Oregon Wine Research Institute

Can Impacts of Red Blotch Disease be Managed in the Willamette Valley?

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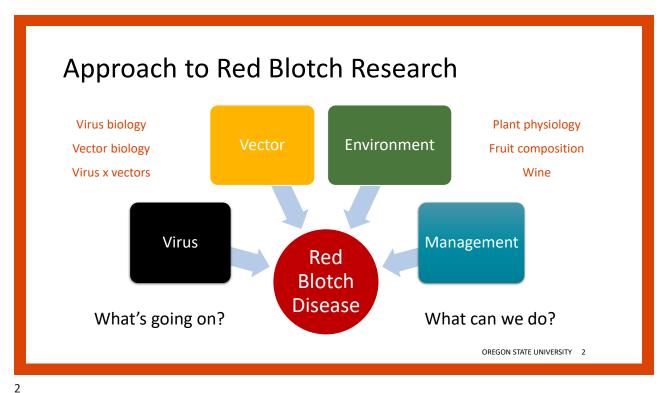
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2020 Industry Survey

- Improved identification
 - 个 virus testing
 - Commercial labs: leaf blades or dormant canes
- Economic impacts
 - None 51%
 - Negative 29%, ↑ costs ↓ revenue
- Managing in vineyard (81%), winery (3%), or both (14%)



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Project 1: What are the Impacts?

Comparing GRBV+ and GRBV- vines

- Individual vines evaluated (n=20)
- Virus tested
 - Red Blotch: GRBV (neg. n=7, pos. n=13)
 - Leafroll: GLRaV 1, 2, 3, and 4 (all neg.)
 - Rupestris Stem Pitting Virus: GRSPaV (all pos.)
- GRBV:
 - Classed by virus and symptom
- Vineyard Details
 - High vigor
 - Irrigated late season only



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Results – *Physiological Responses*

Growth no differences in canopy leaf area or pruning weight

Photoassimilation

no impacts on vine photosynthesis

Leaf chlorophyll

Vine nutrient status

- No differences in N
- Consistent differences in K and Mg



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Why no differences in Photosynthesis?

GRBV+ vs. GRBV-

- Virus did not affect leaf chlorophyll prevéraison
- No visible chlorosis of leaves in-season
- Late season loss of chlorophyll delayed (postharvest)



Reb blotchy leaves are also very green!

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GRBV Impacts on Mineral Nutrient Status



- Symptomatic GRBV+
 - Lower leaf blade P 2 yrs
 - Lower leaf blade K 3 yrs
 - Lower leaf blade Mg 3 yrs
 - Higher petiole Mg 3 yrs
- Asymptomatic GRBV+ and GRBV-
 - More similar nutrient status
 P, K, Mg

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Impacts on Fruit Yield?

- No difference in yield or yield components
 - Cluster weight
 - Berry size
- Consistent finding for WV and S. OR GRBV studies



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Harvest Fruit Composition

| | GRBV+ vs. GRBV- | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Willamette Valley | Southern Oregon | | |
| Total Soluble Solids (Brix) | No impact | Lower | | |
| рН | Higher | No impact | | |
| TA | Lower | No impact | | |
| Total anthocyanin | No impact | Lower | | |
| Total phenolics | No impact | Lower | | |
| Total tannins | No impact | Lower | | |

Litwin, Skinkis, Martin Levin, KC, Copp



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Summary

- No virus impacts on
 - Vine growth and yield
 - Photoassimilation S. OR, not WV
 - Water relations S. OR, not WV
- Few fruit composition impacts
 - Greater differences appear stressmediated
 - Season
 - Vineyard site (soils, elevation)
 - Management history
 - Intensity of symptoms





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Project 2: Abscisic Acid (ABA)

- Vineyard details →
 - Symptoms first noted 2016
 - 100% GRBV+
- Foliar application of ABA
 - ProTone SG® 300 mg/L
 - 2 applications to cluster zone
 - véraison onset + 2 weeks later

| Cultivar | Pinot noir 777 |
|--------------|----------------|
| Rootstock | 3309C |
| Year planted | 2000 |
| Spacing | 8' x 5' |
| Irrigated | no |



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Abscisic Acid (ABA) Trial - Results

- No impact on
 - basic ripeness
 - anthocyanin, phenolics, or tannins
- Protone SG is costly application
 - \$680/acre

| Year | Treatment | TSS (Brix) | рН | TA (g/L) | |
|------|-----------|------------|------|----------|--|
| 2018 | ABA | 23.5 | 3.26 | 6.7 | |
| | Control | 23.2 | 3.32 | 6.0 | |
| | p | ns | ns | ns | |
| 2019 | ABA | 20.3 | 3.27 | 7.1 | |
| | Control | 21.3 | 3.27 | 7.1 | |
| | p | ns | ns | ns | |

ns - not significant

Project 3: Cluster Zone Leaf Removal

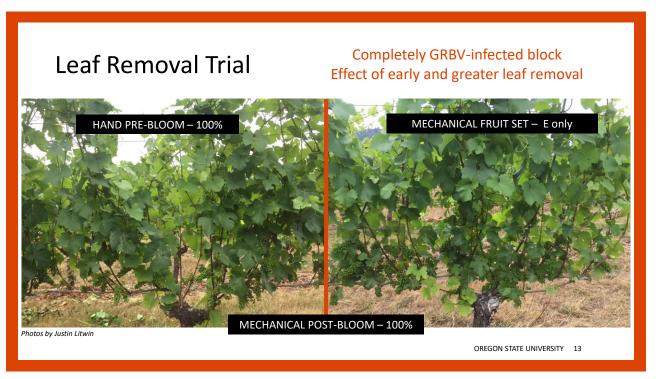
- Hypothesis: leaf removal conducted early and on both sides should increase total anthocyanin concentration of berries
- Vineyard details →
 - 100% GRBV+
 - Symptoms first noted 2016

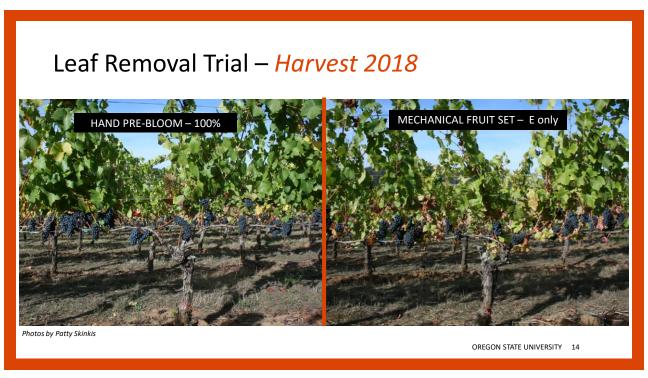


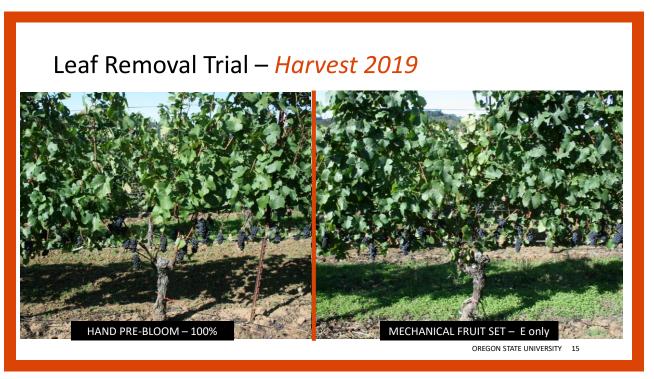
| Cultivar | Pinot noir 777 |
|--------------|----------------|
| Rootstock | 101-14 |
| Year planted | 2002 |
| Spacing | 8' x 5' |
| Irrigated | no |

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Leaf Removal Trial – *Harvest 2019*



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Leaf Removal Trial - Fruit

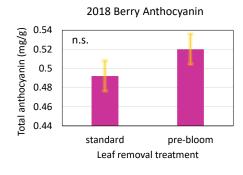
| Year | Treatment | Yield (kg) | Cluster wt (g) | Berry wt (g) | TSS (Brix) | рН | TA (g/L) |
|------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|-------------|
| 2018 | Standard | 2.7 | 125 a | 1.1 a | 23.3 | 3.25 | 7.3 |
| | Pre-bloom 100% | 2.3 | 106 b | 1.0 b | 22.8 | 3.24 | 7.3 |
| | р | ns | * | * | ns | ns | ns |
| 2019 | Standard | 2.6 | 111 a | 1.0 a | 21.4 | 3.39 | 7.3 |
| | Pre-bloom 100% | 2.4 | 99 b | 1.0 a | 21.3 | 3.41 | 7.2 |
| | Post-bloom 100% | 2.4 | 112 a | 0.9 b | 21.5 | 3.39 | 6.9 |
| | р | ns | ** | ** | ns | ns | ns |

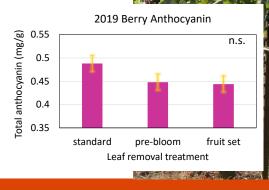
*p<0.05, ** p<0.01, ns - not significant

Smaller clusters and berries with earlier, more intense leaf removal

Leaf Removal Trial - Phenolics

 No statistical differences in anthocyanins, phenolics, or tannins

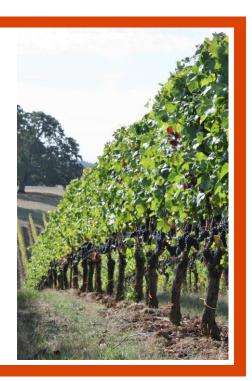




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Take home message...

- Determine GRBV vineyard impacts
 - Yield?
 - Fruit composition?
 - Wine quality?
- Management tactics
 - Reduce vine stress
 - Most targeted management practices won't make much difference



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Collaborators

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Skinkis Lab Staff

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